


Thank you for purchasing a Sealey product. Manufactured to a high standard this product will, if used according to these instructions and properly maintained, give you years of trouble free performance.

 **IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. NOTE THE SAFE OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS, WARNINGS & CAUTIONS. USE THE PRODUCT CORRECTLY AND WITH CARE FOR THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT IS INTENDED. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE DAMAGE AND/OR PERSONAL INJURY AND WILL INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY. PLEASE KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS SAFE FOR FUTURE USE.**

1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

- ✓ When using this multimeter, please observe all normal safety rules concerning:
 - Protection against the dangers of electrical current.
 - Protection of the meter against misuse.
- ✓ Full compliance with safety standards can only be guaranteed if used with the test leads supplied. If necessary, they must be replaced with genuine Sealey leads with the same electrical ratings. Failure to do so will invalidate the warranty. **DO NOT** use leads if damaged or if the wires are bared in any way.

1.2 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- ✓ Familiarise yourself with the application and limitations of the multimeter as well as the potential hazards.
 - IF IN ANY DOUBT CONSULT A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.**
- ✓ **USE EXTREME CAUTION** when working with high voltages.
- ✓ When the meter is connected to a circuit, **do not** touch unused meter terminals.
- ✓ When the magnitude of the value to be measured is unknown, set the range selector to the highest value available.
- ✓ Before commencing testing, follow instructions below and select the correct input sockets, function and range on the multimeter.
- ✓ Before rotating the rotary switch to change functions, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test.
- ✓ Take care when working with voltages above 35V DC or 25V AC rms. These voltages are considered a shock hazard. Keep fingers behind the probe barriers whilst measuring.
- x **DO NOT** test voltages above 600V - the circuitry of the multimeter may be destroyed.
- ☐ **WARNING! NEVER** connect the multimeter to a voltage source / live circuit when the rotary switch is set to any other function apart from Voltage testing.
- ☐ **WARNING! NEVER** perform resistance, transistor, diode or continuity measurements on live circuits.
 - ALWAYS discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
- ☐ **WARNING!** Voltage checks on electrical outlets can be difficult and misleading because of the uncertainty of connection to the recessed electrical contacts. Other means should be used to ensure that the terminals are not "live".
- x **DO NOT** use the multimeter in a potentially explosive atmosphere.
- ✓ NEVER operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse doors are in place and fastened securely.
- ☐ If any abnormal readings are observed, the multimeter must be checked out by an authorised technician.
- ✓ When not in use, store the multimeter carefully in a safe, dry, childproof location out of direct sunlight.
 - Storage temperature range -20°C to 60°C.
- ✓ ALWAYS turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the doors to replace the fuse or batteries.

The warnings, cautions and instructions referred to in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be applied by the operator.

1.3 SAFETY SYMBOLS



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

WARNING

This WARNING symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This CAUTION symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol, adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.



This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

- ❑ **WARNING!** NEVER apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum as shown below:

Input Limits	
Function	Maximum Input
V AC	600V DC/AC
V DC or V AC	600V DC/AC, 200Vrms on 200mV range
mA DC	200mA 250V fast acting fuse
A DC	10A 250V fast acting fuse (30 seconds max every 15 minutes)
Resistance, Continuity	250Vrms for 15sec max

- ❑ **WARNING!** USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.

1.4 BATTERY INSTALLATION

- ❑ **WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover. Disconnect the test leads from the meter. Open the battery cover by loosening the two cover screws using a Phillips head screwdriver. Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity. Replace the battery cover. Secure with the screws.
- ❑ **WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

NOTE! If your meter does not work properly, check the fuses and battery to make sure that they are still good and that they are properly inserted.



2. FEATURES

High precision multimeter. Conforms with EN61010-1 CATIII 600V safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. Double moulded housing with soft grip case and large display for ease of use. Probe and lead storage and integral upright stand for use on the workbench. Supplied in zipped pouch with carry strap.

Measures:

- AC and DC Voltage
- DC Current
- Resistance
- Diode Test
- Continuity Buzzer

1. LCD Display
2. Function Switch
3. 10A Jack
4. COM Jack
5. Positive Jack
6. Note: Tilt stand, fuse and battery compartment are on rear of unit.

SYMBOLS AND ANNUNCIATORS

-))) Continuity
- ▶ Diode Test
- μ Micro (amps)
- m Milli (volts, amps)
- k Kilo (ohms)
- Ω Ohms
- VDC Volts Direct Current
- VAC Volts Alternating Current
- ADC Amps Direct Current
- BAT Battery Test



3. SPECIFICATION

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
DC Voltage (V DC)	200mV	0.1mV	±(0.5% reading + 2 digits)
	2000mV	1mV	
	20V	0.01V	
	200V	0.1V	±(0.8% reading + 2 digits)
	600V	1V	
AC Voltage (V AC)	200V	0.1V	±(1.2% reading + 10 digits (50/60Hz))
	600V	1V	
DC Current (A DC)	2000µA	1µA	±(1.0% reading + 2 digits)
	20mA	10µA	
	200mA	100µA	±(1.2% reading + 2 digits)
	10A	10mA	±(2.0% reading + 2 digits)
Resistance	200Ω	0.1Ω	±(0.8% reading + 2 digits)
	2000Ω	1Ω	
	20kΩ	0.01kΩ	
	200kΩ	0.1kΩ	
	2000kΩ	1kΩ	±(1.0% reading + 2 digits)
Battery Test	9V	10mV	±(1.0% reading + 2 digits)
	1.5V	10mV	

NOTE! Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading) – This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits) – This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

NOTE! Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

Diode Test:..... Test current of 1mA maximum, open circuit voltage 2.8V DC typical.
 Continuity Check: Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than approximately 30Ω.
 Battery Test Current:.....9V (6mA); 1.5V (100mA).
 Input Impedance:.....>1MΩ.
 ACV Bandwidth: 45Hz to 450Hz.
 DCA Voltage Drop:200mV.
 Display:..... 3 ½ digit, 2000 count LCD, 1.1" digits.
 Overrange Indication: "1" is displayed.
 Polarity:..... Automatic (no indication for positive polarity); Minus (-) sign for negative polarity.
 Measurement Rate:..... 2 times per second, nominal.
 Low Battery Indication: "BAT" is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating voltage.
 Battery: One 9 volt (PP9) battery.
 Fuses: mA, µA ranges; 0.2A / 250V fast blow.
 A Range:..... 10A/250V fast blow.
 Operating Temperature:..... 32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C).
 Storage Temperature:..... -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C).
 Relative Humidity:..... <70% operating, <80% storage.
 Operating Altitude:7000ft. (2000) meters maximum.
 Weight:255g.
 Size: 150mm x 70mm x 48mm.
 Safety: For indoor use and in accordance with Overvoltage Category II, Pollution Degree 2. Category II includes local level, appliance, portable equipment, etc., with transient overvoltages less than Overvoltage Category III.

4. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING! Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

1. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the "OFF" position when the meter is not in use.
2. If "OL" appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

NOTE! On some low AC and DC voltage ranges, with the test leads not connected to a device, the display may show a random reading. This is normal and is caused by the high-input sensitivity. The reading will stabilise and give a proper measurement when connected to a circuit.

4.1 DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 4.1.1 Set the function switch to the highest V DC position.
- 4.1.2 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
- 4.1.3 Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 4.1.4 Read the voltage in the display. Reset the function switch to successively lower V DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.
If the polarity is reversed, the display will show (-) minus before the value.

4.2 AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

WARNING! Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

CAUTION: Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 4.2.1 Set the function switch to the highest V AC position.
- 4.2.2 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
- 4.2.3 Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 4.2.4 Read the voltage in the display. Reset the function switch to successively lower V AC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

4.3 DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not make current measurements on the 10A scale for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- 4.3.1 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack.
- 4.3.2 For current measurements up to 200mA DC, set the function switch to the highest DC mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (mA) jack.
- 4.3.3 For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the 10A range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (10A) jack.
- 4.3.4 Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 4.3.5 Connect test leads in series with the circuit under measurement.
- 4.3.6 Apply power to the circuit.
- 4.3.7 Read the current in the display. For mA DC measurements, reset the function switch to successively lower mA DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

4.4 RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.
- 4.4.1 Set the function switch to the highest Ω position.
- 4.4.2 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- 4.4.3 Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or component under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the component under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- 4.4.4 Read the resistance in the display and then set the function switch to the lowest Ω position that is greater than the actual or any anticipated resistance. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

4.5 CONTINUITY CHECK

- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.
- 4.5.1 Set the function switch to the $\rightarrow \text{+} / \text{*}$) position.
- 4.5.2 Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive (Ω) jack.
- 4.5.3 Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
- 4.5.4 If the resistance is less than approximately 30Ω , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "1".

4.6 DIODE TEST

- 4.6.1 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive diode jack.
- 4.6.2 Turn the rotary switch to the $\rightarrow \text{+} / \text{*}$) position.
- 4.6.3 Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward voltage will indicate 400 to 700mV. Reverse voltage will indicate "1". Shorted devices will indicate near 0mV. Shorted devices will indicate near 0mV and an open device will indicate "1" in both polarities.

4.7 BATTERY TEST

- 4.7.1 Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 4.7.2 Select the 1.5V or 9V BAT position using the function select switch.
- 4.7.3 Connect the red test lead to the positive side of the 1.5V or 9V battery and the black test lead to the negative side of the 1.5V or 9V battery.
- 4.7.4 Read the voltage in the display.

	Good	Weak	Bad
9V battery:	>8.2V	7.2 to 8.2V	<7.2V
1.5V battery:	>1.35V	1.22 to 1.35V	<1.22V

5. MAINTENANCE

5.1 REPLACING THE BATTERY

- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery door.
- 5.1.1 When the battery become exhausted or drop below the operating voltage, "BAT" will appear in the right-hand side of the LCD display. The battery should be replaced.
- 5.1.2 Follow instructions for installing battery. See the Battery Installation section of this manual (page 2). Dispose of the old battery properly.
- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

5.2 REPLACING THE FUSES

- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the fuse cover.
- WARNING!** Before attempting to open the case, ensure that the test leads have been disconnected from the multimeter and that it is switched off to avoid electric shock hazard.
- 5.2.1 Disconnect the test leads from the meter and any item under test.
- 5.2.2 Open the fuse cover by loosening the screw on the cover using a Phillips head screwdriver.
- 5.2.3 Remove the old fuse from its holder by gently pulling it out.
- 5.2.4 Install the new fuse into the holder.
- 5.2.5 Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.5A/250V fast blow for the 200mA range, 10A/250V fast blow for the 10A range).
- 5.2.6 Replace the fuse cover back in place. Insert the screw and tighten it securely.
- WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse cover is in place and fastened securely.
- 5.3 Clean the multimeter's casing using a slightly dampened cloth and mild detergent - do not use any abrasives or solvents. Clean the inside of each terminal using a swab soaked in isopropyl alcohol, use a new swab to apply a light coat of machine oil to each terminal.
- 5.4 If the multimeter is to be stored for a long period of time, remove the battery first to avoid any damage.

Environmental Protection.



Recycle unwanted materials instead of disposing of them as waste. All tools, accessories and packaging should be sorted, taken to a recycle centre and disposed of in a manner which is compatible with the environment.



When the product is no longer required, it must be disposed of in an environmentally protective way.

Battery Removal.

- ❑ **WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery door. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- ❑ **WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.



Open the battery cover by loosening the two cover screws using a Phillips head screwdriver (FIG.A below).

Lift the battery from the meter and unclip from the battery socket.

Replace the battery cover back in place. Secure with the screws.

Dispose of batteries according to local authority guidelines.

Under the Waste Batteries and Accumulators Regulations 2009, Jack Sealey Ltd are required to inform potential purchasers of products containing batteries (as defined within these regulations), that they are registered with Valpak's registered compliance scheme. Jack Sealey Ltd's Batteries Producer Registration Number (BPRN) is BPRN00705

FIG.A



NOTE: It is our policy to continually improve products and as such we reserve the right to alter data, specifications and component parts without prior notice.

IMPORTANT: No liability is accepted for incorrect use of this product.

WARRANTY: Guarantee is 12 months from purchase date, proof of which will be required for any claim.

INFORMATION: For a copy of our latest catalogue and promotions call us on 01284 757525 and leave your full name and address, including postcode.



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